# Report of the Training program on Disaster Database and State Disaster Response Fund Assistance for Taluk & Village Officers and Revenue Staff of Kerala.

**Resource Persons**: Ms. Amrutha K, Hazard Analyst, KSDMA

Ms. Chandini P. C. Senan, Hazard Analyst, Economics, KSDMA

**Coordinator** : Dr. Karunakaran Akhil Dev Consultant Disaster Management

Liaison : Shri. Clint Mathew, Social Capacity Building Specialist

**Moderators** : Hazard Analyst of consecutive districts in Kerala.

**Mode of meeting** : Online Training

**Platform**: Webex and Google Meet

**Participants**: Government Officials

**Date** : 07.03.2022 to 26.04.2022



# Kerala State Disaster Management Authority Government of Kerala

### **Background of Training**

It was decided that the revenue secretariat held on 9'h February 2022 chaired by Hon'ble Minister for Revenue to conduct online training on Disaster Database Orange Book & SDRF Assistance for all the revenue officials at the districts/taluk/village level which is entrusted to KSDMA. Hence a detailed plan was worked out to conduct the training program. Resource Persons are from KSEOC itself. Its support is needed in hosting all these meeting online. No financial expenditure was expected. A letter along with the link of the meeting shall go to all the DDMAs. Maximum participants shall be to 1000 nos. The tentative schedules is attached herewith. The training was conducted in two sessions

Sl.No	Name	Designation	Duty	Topic
1	Dr. Karunakaran Akhil Dev	Consultant Disaster Management, KSDMA	Coordinator	Introductory & Closing Remarks for sessions.
2	Ms. Amrutha K,	Hazard Analyst Environment, KSEOC	Resource Person	Session I Database in Disaster Management
3	Ms. Chandini P. C. Senan	Hazard Analyst Economics, KSEOC	Resource Person	Session II SDRF Assistance
4	District Moderators	Hazard Analyst of concerned District EOC's	Moderators	Liaison for Online Meeting with Taluk, VOs, Revenue Staffs.

# Tentative schedule (Online)

Disaster database and State Disaster Response Fund assistance online training for taluk officers and village officers

Date	Time	Session	District
	11.00 AM - 12.00 PM	Disaster database	
07.03.2022	12.00 PM - 1.00 PM	SDRF assistance	Kasaragode
	11.00 AM - 12.00 PM	Disaster database	
08.03.2022	12.00 PM - 1.00 PM	SDRF assistance	Kannur
	11.00 AM - 12.00 PM	Disaster database	
09.03.2022	12.00 PM - 1.00 PM	SDRF assistance	Kozhikode
	11.00 AM - 12.00 PM	Disaster database	
14.03.2022	12.00 PM - 1.00 PM	SDRF assistance	Wayanad
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
15.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Malappuram
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
16.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Palakkad
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
18.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Thrissur
	03.00 PM - 4.00 PM	Disaster database	
19.03.2022	04.00 PM - 5.00 PM	SDRF assistance	Ernakulam
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
21.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Idukki
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
22.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Alappuzha
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
23.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Kottayam
	02.30 PM - 3.30 PM	Disaster database	
24.03.2022	03.30 PM - 4.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Pathanamthitta
	10.30 PM - 11.30 PM	Disaster database	
25.03.2022	11.30 PM - 12.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Kollam
	10.30 PM - 11.30 PM	Disaster database	
26.03.2022	11.30 PM - 12.30 PM	SDRF assistance	Thiruvananthapuram

Disaster database Ms. Amrutha K, Hazard Analyst, Environment

SDRF Expenditure Ms. Chandini P. C. Senan, Hazard Analyst, Economics

Moderator Dr Akhildev Karunakaran & Hazard Analyst (District)

### Session I

### **Database in Disaster Management**

The session was rendered by the resource person Hazard Analyst Environment, Amrutha. K. of the Kerala State Emergency Operation Center (KSEOC), KSDMA. The session contained 1 to 45 slides presented. The importance of databases in Disaster Management was addressed. The portions covered were Disaster history, Calamity details (Damage, Death etc), Details of financial assistance provided, Data base of resource inventory, Database of Vulnerable areas, Database of Vulnerable people, Database of Volunteers, Database of communication systems, Data base of meteorological data. These introductory remarks has provided for Better understanding of disaster profile of the district to reduce risk and enhance effective coordination. A brief of the State specific disasters under notified disasters was put forth through the session as an understanding for provision and data feeds into the databases like; National Database for Emergency Management (NDEM), India Disaster Resource Network (IDRN), National Disaster Management Information System (NDMIS).

# **National Database for Emergency Management (NDEM)**

Government of India has envisaged a policy to build a safer and disaster resilient India by developing a holistic, integrated proactive multi disaster and technology driven strategy for disaster management through collective efforts of all government agencies and non-government organisations. Accordingly, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) has translated this approach into National Database for Emergency management (NDEM) for taking up ameliorative measures for providing timely information and decision making in the event of disasters (Figure 2). National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) is the lead agency to implement and operationalize NDEM project. NDEM essentially serves as national repository of GIS based data for entire country coupled

with set of Decision Support System tools to assist the disaster managers in decision making during emergency situations (Figure 1 & 2).



Figure 1. Features of NDEM.

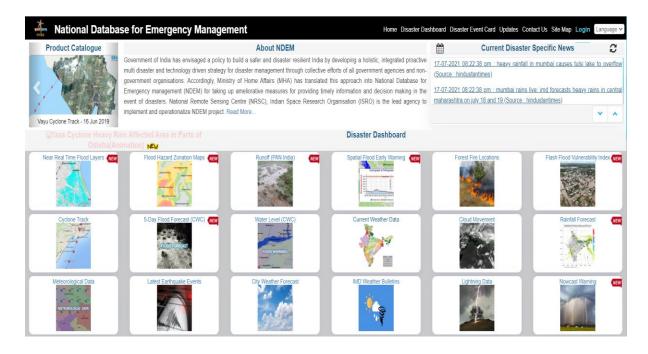


Figure 2. View Online platform NDEM.

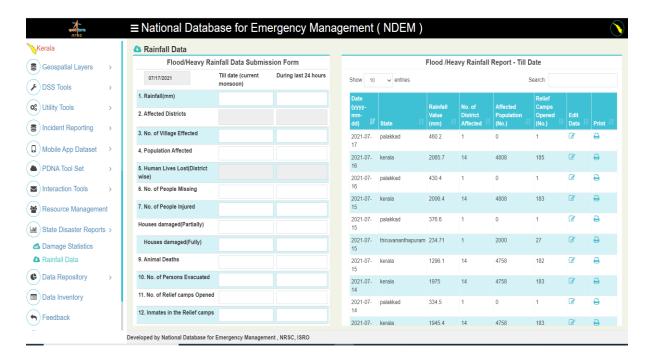


Figure 3. Inside view of NDEM Portal - Data Entry - Rainfall Data.

Link to access NDEM portal	https://ndem.nrsc.gov.in/login.php
NDEM - Incident Reporting	NRSC(space)NDEM(space) Type your message to <b>51969</b>

### **India Disaster Resource Network (IDRN)**

India due to its unique geo-climatic conditions, is highly vulnerable to several types of hazards: Floods, Earthquakes, Cyclones, Landslides, Tsunami etc. One of the major challenges in responding to disaster in a professional way is the lack of data on the inventory of resources (equipment and skilled human resource). This delays effective and rapid response, which is critical for saving lives. Therefore, a need was felt to build an inventory of resources that can help the district collectors and disaster managers was felt acutely and this resulted in developing of IDRN.

The India Disaster Resource Network (IDRN) is a web based platform for managing the inventory of equipment, skilled human resources and critical supplies for emergency response. It was initiated by Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) in 2004 under the GOI - UNDP Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Programme, to build up a systematic inventory of equipment and skilled human resources so that disaster managers can find the location and details of the resources for immediate response. National Institute of Disaster Management

(NIDM), Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, has been managing the IDRN Portal since June 2008. The primary focus is to enable the decision makers to access equipment and human resources required to combat any emergency situation.

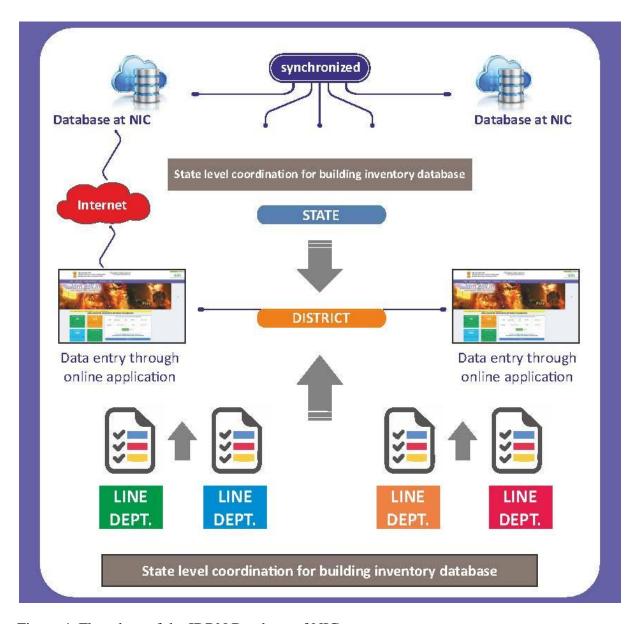


Figure 4. Flowchart of the IDRN Database.of NIC

Role of NIC -The IDRN portal is hosted at National Information Center (NIC) Server

**Role of NIDM** - IDRN is currently monitored and maintained by National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) centrally. Role of NIDM is limited to user administration, development and technical maintenance, training and technical support. NIDM is not involved in data collection or updation.

**Role of State Authorities** - State Department of Relief /Disaster Management / State Disaster management Authorithy (SDMA) Coordinate with District Magistrate (DM) /District Collector (DC) regarding updation of data in IDRN.

Role of District Authorities - DC /DM is the authorized officers facilitating data collection and updation from the district level. Data collection formats need to be sent to all line dept./agencies from the district administration and need to be collected within a week or two. Data entry should be done at the district level availing the technical services of District Informatics officers.



Figure 5. Preview of IDRN Database Dashboard

Link to access portal	https://idrn.nidm.gov.in/
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Table 1. Link to access IDRN portal

## **IDRN Data Collection**

The data collection formats are intended to be filled up by the line departments/ agencies/ organizations and the whole exercise will be coordinated by the District Collector. The format need to be sent to all line departments / agencies from the district administration and need to be collected within a week or scheduled on particular time limit period. Then the data entry should be done at the district level under the district collector's authority. The format is divided into two parts; *Part 1-* 'Form1', *Part 2-* 'Form2A, Form2B & Form2C'.

- Form1 contains details of the line dept/ agency having the equipment and need to be filled up by the concerned line dept/ agency. It also contains a standardized set of equipment's under its corresponding Activity & Category with codes.
- **Form2A** contains the details of the "**Equipment**" (Equipment used in emergency response e.g. Cutters, excavators, fire tenders etc.).
- Form 2B contains the details of "Skilled human resources" (People with various skill sets & expertise in emergency operation).
- Form 2C contains the details of "Critical Supplies" (Consumable items which requires very frequent update e.g. Medicines).

### Form-1

#### **Department or Agency Details**

(The Fields mark with (\*) are mandatory)

S. No.	Title	Details
1.	Dept. Name / Agency Name*	
2.	Dept. Address / Agency	Line1*
	Address*	Line 2
		City*
		Pin code*
		Latitude
		Longitude
3.	Contact Person Name*	
4.	Contact Person Designation*	
5.	Telephone Number1*	
6.	Telephone Number2	
7.	Telephone Number3	
8.	Mobile Number*	
9.	Fax Number	
10.	Email ID	
11.	Source*	Govt. PS Unit Military NDRF
		Indian Army Private/NGO

Form 2-A
Please enter in the table below the details of items you have checked as available in FORM-1
(All the fields are mandatory)

*Item Code	*Item Name	*Item Description	*Item Quantity and Unit	*Specify location if not present at the department	*Availability month (January to December) (Specify)	*Transportat ion Mode (Road, Train, Air, Water or NA)	*Operat or Provide d (Yes/No /NA)

(For all types of equipment only)

Form 2- B
Please enter in the table below the details of items you have checked as available in FORM-1
(All the fields are mandatory)

*Item( Skill) Code	*Item(Skill) Name	*No. of person Available	*Availability month (January to December) (Specify)	*Prior experience in emergency response (Yes/No)	*Prior training in emergency response (Yes/No)	*Description (If team please enter composition(number of persons in a team))
$\vdash$						
$\vdash$						
$\vdash$						

(For all types of skilled human resource only)

https://idrn.nidm.gov.in/

Form 2-C
Please enter in the table below the details of items you have checked as available in FORM-1
(All the fields are mandatory)

*Item Code	*Item Name	*Quantity available and Unit	*Specify location if not present at the department	*Availability month (January to December) (Specify)	*Transportation Mode (Road, Train, Air, Water or NA)	*Item Description

(For all types of critical supplies only)

https://idrn.nidm.gov.in/

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Table 2. No of Data Entered in Kerala State in IDRN

Sl.No	District Name	Total No of Records Updated (01-Jan 2021 To 01- July -2021)
1	Alappuzha	191
2	Ernakulam	811
3	Idukki	466
4	Kannur	0
5	Kasaragod	217
6	Kollam	130
7	Kottayam	72
8	Kozhikode	26
9	Malappuram	173
10	Palakkad	80
11	Pathanamthitta	121
12	Thiruvananthapuram	40
13	Thrissur	359
14	Wayanad	107

Table 3. No of Data Entered by Kerala Government Sectors in IDRN

SL.No	District Name	Records Updated (01-Jan 2021 To 01- July -2021)
1	Alappuzha	185
2	Ernakulam	789
3	Idukki	466
4	Kannur	0
5	Kasaragod	217
6	Kollam	116
7	Kottayam	72
8	Kozhikode	26
9	Malappuram	173
10	Palakkad	80
11	Pathanamthitta	121
12	Thiruvananthapuram	14
13	Thrissur	356
14	Wayanad	106

Table 4. No of Data Entered by Kerala Government Sectors in IDRN

Sl.No	District Name	Total No of Records Updated
		(01-Jan 2021 To 01- July -2021)
1	Alappuzha	6
2	Ernakulam	0
3	Idukki	0
4	Kannur	0
5	Kasaragod	0
6	Kollam	14

7	Kottayam	0
8	Kozhikode	0
9	Malappuram	0
10	Palakkad	0
11	Pathanamthitta	0
12	Thiruvananthapuram	0
13	Thrissur	0
14	Wayanad	0

# No of data entered / updated in last 5 years

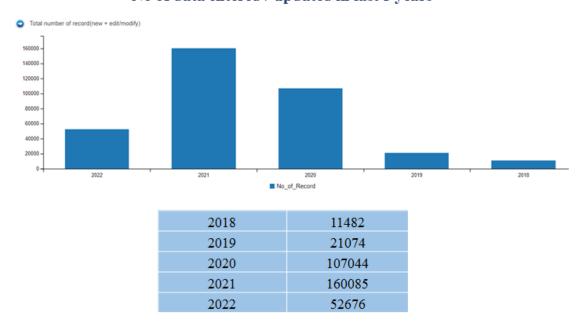


Figure 6. Status of data entered in IDRN portal Kerala State

### **National Disaster Management Information System (NDMIS)**

Comprehensive online application, being developed to capture disaster damages and the losses effectively and also for monitoring of funds disbursal under State Disaster Response Fund (SDRF) and National Disaster Response Fund (NDRF) to States for relief activities in case of disasters. The online System will track the impacts of hazards for the entire country up to district level. The online system has two components, SDRF and NDRF.

# **Advantages of NDMIS**

- For improving data transparency, data availability, data authenticity and data consolidation at central level related to the allotment and utilisation of SDRF and NDRF.
- The second component captures disaster damage and losses and also for monitoring the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) target A to D

# **NDMIS** – Situation reporting

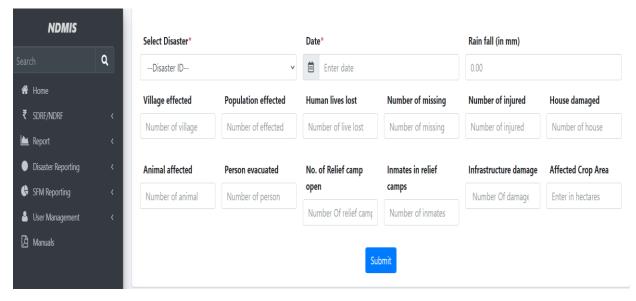


Figure 7. Showing the Dashboard NDMIS Situation reporting page.

According to the Orange Book of Disaster Management the Monsoon Preparedness and Disaster Risk Reduction Guidelines has daily reporting that ensures Disaster Damage details by the respective departments in the Google Sheet before 3 pm daily. The codified report of the respective week should be available on the last working day of each month to seoc.gok@gmail.com. Make sure that the information of all the departments is given on the exact day.

# Figure Template for Collection of Data from Districts

#### EORMAT FOR COLLECTION OF STATISTICS ON DISASTER: DISTRICT LEVEL

Name of Disaster(with code):	
Name of District (with code):	
Date of Disaster (DD/MM/YYYY):	
Affected population(no.)	
Percentage of affected population (%)	
Villages affected (no)	
Families affected (no)	

S. No.	ITEM	
1.	LIVES	
	(a) Number of Deaths(no.)	
	Male	
	Female	
	Children	
	(b) Number of injuries(no)	
	(i)major	
	Men	
	Women	
	Children	
	(ii)minor	
	Men	
	Women	
	Children	
2.	LIVESTOCKS	
۷.	(a) Number of animal perished(no.)	
	(i)cow	
	(ii)buffalo	
	(iii)Sheep	
	(iv)Goats	
	(v)Camels	
	(vi)Horse/mules/donkey	
	(vii)Poultry/ duck	
	(viii)Pigs	
	(x)Others	
3.	AGRICULTURE	
	Season: Rabi/Kharif	
	(a) Food grains	
	(i) Sown area affected (hectr)	

	(ii) Production lost tons	
	(a)Cash corps	
	(iii) Sown area affected (hectrs)	
	(iv) Production lost (tosns)	
	(c)Horticultural crops	
	(v) Sown area affected(hects)	
	(vi) Production lost (tons)	
	(d)Trees uprooted(no)	
	(e) area Affected (hectrs)	
	HOUSING	
-	Number of affected houses(no)	
	(a) Rural	
	(i) Kuchha	
	Fully	
	Partially	The state of the s
	(ii) Pucca	
	Fully	
	Partially	
	(b) Urban	
	(i) Kuchha	
	Fully	
	Partially	
		-
	Fully	
	Partially	
5.	INFRASRUCTURE	
	(A)ROADS	
	(a) Road length damaged (km)	
	(i) National highway	
	(ii) State highway	
	(iii) District road	
	(iv) Others	
	(B)Villages disconnected to transportation facility	
	(i) Number	
	(ii) Days	
	(B) BRIDGES	
	(a) Motorables (no)	
	Fully	
	Partially	
	(b)Pedestrian(no)	
	Fully	
	Partially	•
	(C) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	
	(a) Pipe line	1
	(i) Trunk(no)	
	Fully damaged	
	Partially damaged	
	(ii) Distribution (no)	
-	Fully damaged	
	runy damaged	

	(b) Pumping station(no)
	Fully damaged
	Partially damaged
	(c) Overhead reservoirs
	Fully damaged
	Partially damaged
	. (d) Water treatment plant
81	Fully damaged
	Partially damaged
	(e) Drinking Water Tanks (no.)
	fully damaged
	partially damaged

(e) Drinking Water Tanks (no.)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
(f) Drinking Water Wells (no.)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
(g) others ( please mention)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
(D) SWERAGE SYSTEM	
(a) trunk (no)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
(b) distribution (no)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
( c ) sewerage treatment plant (no)	
fully damaged	
partially damaged	
(E) IRRIGATION	
( a ) breach of canal damaged	
number	
( b ) breach of dam damaged	
number	
( c ) irrigation tank damaged	
number	
( d ) irrigation wells damaged	
number	
( e ) reservoirs damaged	
number	
( F ) ELECTRICITY SUPPLY*	
( a ) high tension lines damaged	
length	
No of days	
( b ) low tension line damaged	
length	
No of days	
(c) transformers damaged	

	number	
	No of days	
	( d ) substations damaged	
9.5	number	
	No of days	
THOLE . I OF THOSE CHAIL	one damages the average no of days may be reported	against items into or day
1	(G) BUILDING	
t.	( G ) BUILDING ( a ) primary schools ( no )	
t.		
* ************************************	( a ) primary schools ( no )	
	( a ) primary schools ( no ) partially	
1	( a ) primary schools ( no ) partially fully	

	( c ) Community center ( no )	
	partially	
	fully	
	(d) health centers (no)	
	Dispensaries	
	PHCs	
	Hospitals ( DH /SDH )	
	( e ) Other Government Building	
	partially	
	fully	
	H.SHOPS AND OTHER COMMERCIAL BUILDING DAMAGED	
	(a) shops	
	partially	
	fully	
	( b ) other commercial buildings	
	partially	
	fully	
	(I ) OTHER UTILITIES	
	( a ) land telephone disrupted ( no. of days )	
	( b ) mobile phones disrupted ( no. of days )	
	( c ) villages disconnected to communication facilities ( no .)	
	(i) Number	
	(ii) Days	
6.	HEALTH	
	Occurrence of epidemics ( no. of persons affected ) : ( a ) water borne	
	(i) Cholera	
	(ii) Diarrhea	
2.0	(iii) Others	

( b) vector borne	
(i) Malaria	
(ii) Dengue	
( iii ) Plague	
(iv) Other	
( c ) Others	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE INCURRED ON MITIGATION	

### Session II

### **SDRF** Assistance

The session was rendered by the resource person Hazard Analyst Economics, Chandini P C Senan of the Kerala State Emergency Operation Center (KSEOC), KSDMA. A total of 17 slides were presented for Village Officials and Revenue Staffs in consecutive days. The session was dealt understanding the SDRF provisions, how to provide assistance using the SDRF, the types of disasters for SDRF expenditure was rendered in this session. It was noted that the state specific and notified disasters has only provisions to spend the SDRF. Provisions of Gratuitous Relief, Shelter Materials and Utensils, Provision for House Damage, SFDRR, NDMIS and targets A to D was rendered.

The State Disaster Response Fund (SDRF), constituted under Section 48 (1) (a) of the Disaster Management Act, 2005, is the primary fund available with State Governments for responses to notified disasters.

# **National Disasters**

- 1. Flood
- 2. Drought
- 3. Cyclone
- 4. Fire
- 5. Earthquake
- 6. Tsunami
- 7. Landslide
- 8. Hailstorm
- 9. Avalanche
- 10.Cloud Burst
- 11.Pest Attack
- 12.Cold Wave/ Frost









# State Specific Disasters

- Coastal erosion
- Lightning
- Strong wind less than cyclone storms
- Soil piping
- · Heat wave
- Sunstroke
- Sunburn

The Central Government contributes 75% of SDRF allocation for general category States/UTs. The annual Central contribution is released in two equal installments as per the recommendation of the Finance Commission.

### **Provisions of Gratuitous Relief:**

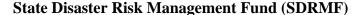
The Ex-gratia payment for different categories was mentioned, for Death- Rs 4 lakhs per deceased, Loss of a limb or eyes (40-60%)- Rs 59100, Loss of a limb or eyes (>60%)- Rs 2 lakh, Grievous injury requiring hospitalisation; More than a week – Rs 12700 and Less than a week- Rs 4300 (*Slide No.6*).

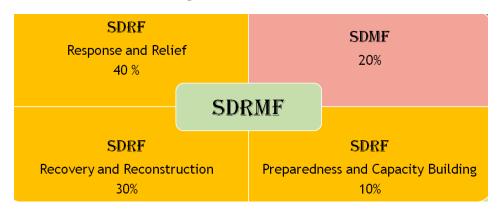
### **Shelter Materials and Utensils:**

A total of Two Thousand Rupees (2,000/-) per household for loss of utensils/ household goods can be given and a total of One Thousand (1,800/-) Rupees for clothing per household and are for families whose houses have been washed away/ fully damaged/severely inundated for more than two days (Slide No.7).

## **Provision for House Damage:**

The assistance for "Pucca House" for *Fully Damaged* or *Severely Damaged* in plain area a total of 95,100/- rupees can be provided and for the "Kucha House" house in Hilly Area a sum of Rs.1,01,900 rupees can be provided under Fully Damaged/Severely Damaged house. The provisions for partially damaged house an sum of 52000 rupees can be provided under Pucca House category. For Kucha House category a sum of 3200 rupees can be provided to the partially damaged houses and a sum of 4100 rupees can be given to huts damaged or destroyed (Slide No. 8).





The funding windows of SDRF and SDMF are not inter-changeable. Flexibility for reallocation within the three sub-windows of SDRF.

### The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 (Sendai Framework):

It is the first major agreement of the post-2015 development agenda and provides Member States with concrete actions to protect development gains from the risk of disaster. The substantial reduction of disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods and health and in the economic, physical, social, cultural and environmental assets of persons, businesses, communities and countries. It recognizes that the State has the primary role to reduce disaster risk but that responsibility should be shared with other stakeholders including local government, the private sector and other stakeholders (*Slide No. 9 to 12*).

### **NDMIS** (portion in SDRF assistance presentation):

Capturing disaster damage and losses and also for monitoring the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) target A to D. The data will be disaggregated by geographical, administrative unit, gender, disability and by the type of Disasters. Enable to monitor the national implementation progress of the Sendai Framework for DRR (Targets A to D) (*Slide No. 13 to 17*).

# Global target A: Substantially <u>reduce global disaster</u> <u>mortality by 2030</u>, aiming to lower average per 100,000 global mortality between 2020-2030 compared with 2005-2015.

- A-1 Number of deaths and missing persons attributed to disasters, per (compound) 100,000 population.
  - A-2 Number of deaths attributed to disasters, per 100,000 population.
  - A-3 Number of missing persons attributed to disasters, per 100,000 population.

The scope of disaster in this and subsequent targets is defined in paragraph 15 of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and applies to small-scale and large-scale, frequent and infrequent, sudden and slow-onset disasters caused by natural or man-made hazards, as well as related environmental, technological and biological hazards and risk

# Data Required for Filling Target A

SI No.	Year	Disaster Type

Numb	Number of Deaths (A-2)									
Male	Female	Others	Children(0-14)	Adult(15-64)	Elder(>65+)	With disabilities	Below Poverty Line	Total		

Number of Missing (A-3)									
Male Female Others Children(0-14) Adult(15-64) Elder(>65+) With disabilities Below Poverty Line To								Total	

# Global target B: Substantially <u>reduce the number of affected people globally by 2030</u>, aiming to lower the average global figure per 100,000 between 2020-2030 compared with 2005-2015.

- **B-1** Number of directly affected people attributed to disasters, per **(compound)** 100,000 population.
  - **B-2** Number of injured or ill people attributed to disasters, per 100,000 population.
  - **B-3** Number of people whose damaged dwellings were attributed to disasters.
  - **B-4** Number of people whose destroyed dwellings were attributed to disasters.
  - **B-5** Number of people whose livelihoods were disrupted or destroyed, attributed to disasters.

# Data Required for Filling Target B

SI No.	Year	Disaster Type

Injui	Injured or ill (B-2)										
Male	Female	Others	Children(0-14)	Adult(15-64)	Elder(>65+)	With disabilities	Below Poverty Line	Total			

Impa	Impact in Damaged Dwelling (B-3)										
Male	Female	Others	Children(0-14)	Adult(15-64)	Elder(>65+)	With disabilities	Below Poverty Line	Total			

Imp	mpact in Destroyed Dwellings(B-4)								
Mal e	Femal e	Other s	Children(0- 14)	Adult(15- 64)	Elder(>65+ )	With disabilities	Below Line	Poverty	Tota I

Imp	act in	Livelih	noods (B-5)					
Male	Female	Others	Children(0-14)	Adult(15-64)	Elder(>65+)	With disabilities	Below Poverty Line	Total

# Global target C: Reduce direct <u>disaster economic loss in relation to global gross</u> <u>domestic product (GDP)</u> by 2030.

C-1 (compound) Direct economic loss attributed to disasters in relation to global gross domestic product.

- C-2 Direct agricultural loss attributed to disasters.

  Agriculture is understood to include the crops, livestock, fisheries, apiculture, aquaculture and forest sectors as well as associated facilities and infrastructure.
- C-3 Direct economic loss to all other damaged or destroyed productive assets attributed to disasters.

  Productive assets would be disaggregated by economic sector, including services, according to standard international classifications. Countries would report against those economic sectors relevant to their economies. This would be described in the associated metadata.
- C-4 Direct economic loss in the housing sector attributed to disasters.

Data would be disaggregated according to damaged and destroyed dwellings.

C-5 Direct economic loss resulting from damaged or destroyed critical infrastructure attributed to disasters.

The decision regarding those elements of critical infrastructure to be included in the calculation will be left to the Member States and described in the accompanying metadata. Protective infrastructure and green infrastructure should be included where relevant.

C-6 Direct economic loss to cultural heritage damaged or destroyed attributed to disasters.

# **Data Required for Filling Target C**

SI No.	Year	Disaster Type

Agricultural Crop Loss (C-2C)							
Economic loss from crops affected	Total Hectares of crops affected	Hectares damaged	Hectares destroyed				

Agricultural Livestock Loss (C-2L)								
	Number of livestock affected or lost	Number affected	of	livestock	Number of livestock lost			

Agricultural Foresti	Agricultural Forestry Loss (C-2FO)							
Economic loss from	Number of hectares of	Number of hectares	Number of	hectares				
Forests affected	forests affected	damaged	destroyed					

Agricu	Agricultural Aquaculture Loss (C-2A)							
Total	loss	from	Number of hectares of	Number of	hectares	Number	of	hectares
Aquaculture affected A		Aquaculture affected	damaged		destroyed			

Agricultural Fisher	ries Loss (C-2Fl	)						
Economic loss from Vessels affected	Number of affected	Vessels	Number damaged	of	Vessels	Number destroyed	of	Vessels

Agricultural Stock Loss (C-2LB)							
Economic loss from agricultural stok loss			Number of Stock facilities damaged	Number of Stock facilities destroyed			

Agricultural Productive Assets Losses (C-2LA)									
Economic	loss	from							
agricultural	Prod	ductive	Number of agricultural	Number of Productive	Number of Productive				
Assets			Productive Assets	assets damaged	assets destroyed				

Damages and Losses in all other Productive Assets (C-3)									
Farancia las faran	Noveles of Deceloration	Nordan of Deadorth	Number of						
Economic loss from Productive Assets		Number of Productive assets facilities damaged							

# Global target D: Substantially reduce disaster damage to <u>critical infrastructure and disruption of basic services</u>, among them health and educational facilities, including through developing their resilience by 2030

**D-1 (compound)** Damage to critical infrastructure attributed to disasters.

D-2 Number of destroyed or damaged health facilities attributed to disasters.

D-3 Number of destroyed or damaged educational facilities attributed to disasters.

D-4 Number of other destroyed or damaged critical infrastructure units and facilities

attributed to disasters.

The decision regarding those elements of critical infrastructure to be included in the calculation will be left to the Member States and described in the accompanying metadata. Protective infrastructure and green infrastructure should be included where relevant.

**D-5 (compound)** Number of disruptions to basic services attributed to disasters.

D-6 Number of disruptions to educational services attributed to disasters.

D-7 Number of disruptions to health services attributed to disasters.

**D-8** Number of disruptions to other basic services attributed to disasters.

The decision regarding those elements of basic services to be included in the calculation will be left to the Member States and described in the accompanying metadata.

(Slide No. 13 to 17).

# **Data Required for Filling Target D**

SI No.	Year	Disaster Type

Housing Sector (C-4)									
Total number of dwellings (From Target B)	Total (Indicator C-4)	Economic value of Houses Damaged	Economic value of Houses Destroyed						

Damages and losses in Health Sector (C-5, D-2)										
Economic loss in health	Total facilities affected	Number	of	facilities	Number	of	facilities			
sector	Total facilities affected	damaged			destroyed					

Damages and losses in Education Sector (C-5, D-3)									
Total loss in Education	Total facilities affected	Number	of	facilities	Number	of	facilities		
sector	Total facilities affected	damaged			destroyed				

Damages	and lo	sses to	Other Inf	rastru	ıcture (	C-5, D-4)					
Economic	loss	from	Number	of	other	Number	of	damaged	Number	of	destroyed
affected Infrastructures			affected in	frastru	ctures	infrastruc	ture	5	infrastruc	ture	es

Damages and	Damages and losses to Cultural Heritage (C-6)										
Cost of rehabilitation / reconstructio n of affected fixed assets	Cost of rehabilitation / restoration of movable assets	Loss from destroye d movable assets	Number of Monuments/fixe d assets damaged	Number of Monuments/fixe d assets destroyed	Number of mobile cultural assets damage d	Number of mobile cultural assets destroye d					

Disruptions to Basic Services (D-6)												
Health	Education	Transport ation	Power and Energy	Communi cations	Water_su pply	Relief	sewerage	Agricultur e Food	Industrial Services	Public Administr ation Service	solid_Wa ste_Servic e	Other services

### Conclusion

Status of training program: Completed No. of Districts Training Conducted = 14 No. of Districts Training uncovered = 0

### **Suggestions from attendees:**

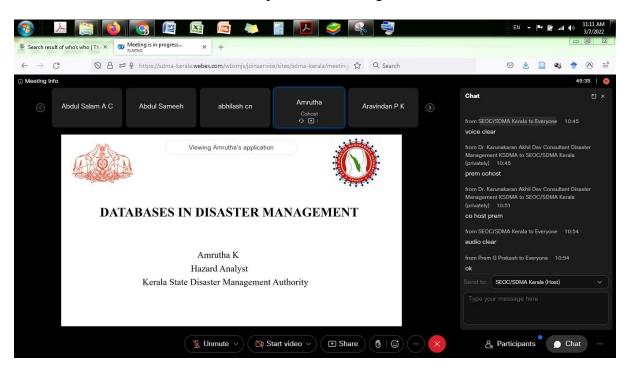
A physical (Face to Face Hands-on Interaction) training could be provided for Village Officials or Taluk Officials as per the responses by attendees.

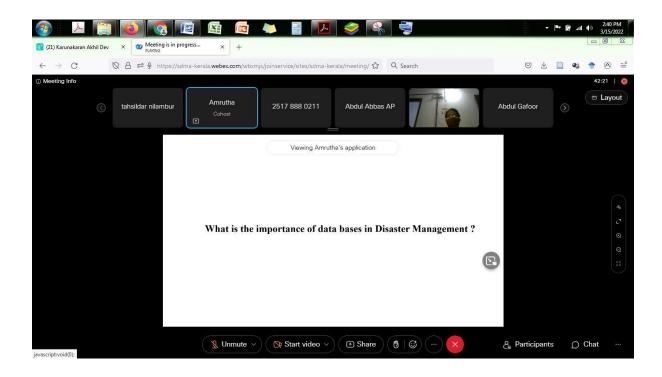
Provision of a working manual (SDRF and Database) for all VO's and Revenue Staff for ease operation during database usage and SDRF assistance provisions to locals.

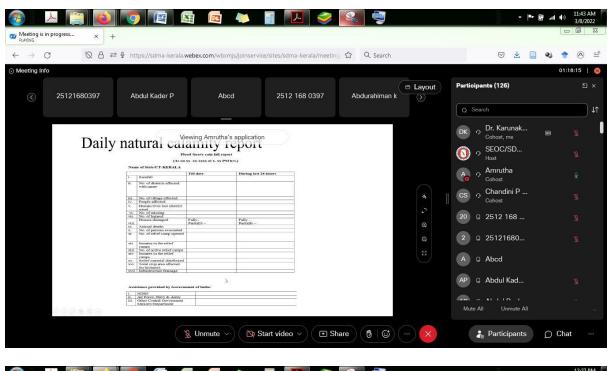
SL.No	Districts	Total Attendees
1	Kasargod	162
2	Kannur	224
3	Kozhikode	76
4	Malappuram	140
5	Ernakulam	57
6	Pathanamthitta	148
7	Thrissur	147
8	Wayanad	84
9	Alapuzha	148
10	Iddukki	132
11	Kollam	37
12	Palakkad	31
13	Thiruvananthapuram	46
14	Kottayam	154

The program was successfully rendered to the target audience as per the background of the training program initiated by the decisions revenue secretariat, Government of Kerala, Kerala State Emergency Operation Center Resource Persons has taken-up the sessions of the Kerala State Disaster Management Authority.

# **Snapshots of Training**

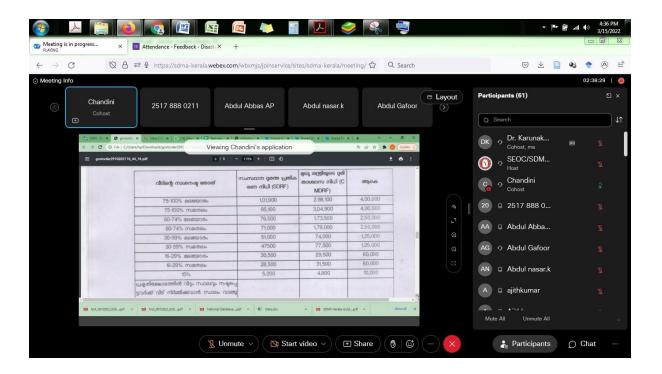












1-----! End of the Report -----!